

Cambridge IGCSE[™]

CANDIDATE NAME					
CENTRE NUMBER			CANDIDATE NUMBER		

637690361

PHYSICAL EDUCATION

0413/13

Paper 1 Theory

May/June 2021

1 hour 45 minutes

You must answer on the question paper.

No additional materials are needed.

INSTRUCTIONS

- Answer all questions.
- Use a black or dark blue pen. You may use an HB pencil for any diagrams or graphs.
- Write your name, centre number and candidate number in the boxes at the top of the page.
- Write your answer to each question in the space provided.
- Do not use an erasable pen or correction fluid.
- Do not write on any bar codes.
- You may use a calculator.
- You should show all your working and use appropriate units.

INFORMATION

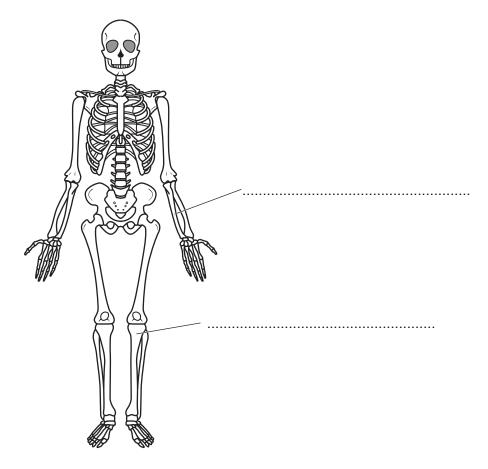
- The total mark for this paper is 100.
- The number of marks for each question or part question is shown in brackets [].

This document has 16 pages.

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[Turn over

1 (a) Identify the **two** bones labelled in the diagram.



		[2]
(b)	Some bones are classified as flat bones.	
	State a different classification that can be used for bones.	
		[1]
(c)	State two functions of the skeleton.	
	1	
	2	
		[2]

[Total: 5]

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2 The photograph shows a badminton match.



A coach wishes to improve the performance of a badminton player.

(a)	Describe a named test that the coach would use to assess the player's agility.
	name of test
	description
	[4]

(b)	Explain the importance of three named components of fitness, other than agility, for a badminton player.
	component 1
	explanation
	component 2
	explanation
	component 3
	explanation
	[6]
(c)	Suggest three reasons why a coach might test a player's fitness.
	1
	2
	3
	[3]

[Total: 13]

3	Describe	e a different cha	racteristic of a p	erformer at each of	the three named stage	s of learning.
	stage 1					•••••
	characte	eristic				
	stage 2					
	characte	eristic				
	stage 3					
	characte	eristic				
						[6]
4	(a) The	e photographs sl	now three differ	ent physical activitie	S.	
		hockey		gymnastics	rock climb	ping
				DER J		
	(i)	Describe differ	ent potential ca	uses of injury in eac	h activity.	
		hockey				
		gymnastics				
		rock climbing				
						[3]

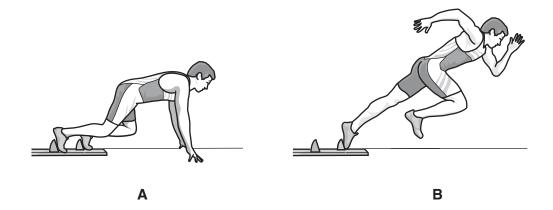
(ii) Complete the table to identify **three** different types of injury that can occur and a different appropriate treatment for each type of injury.

type of injury	appropriate treatment
	[6]
ain each of the following te	erms:
risk	

(b)	Explain each of the following terms:
	real risk
	perceived risk.
	[2]
(c)	Suggest a different strategy that may be used to reduce the risk of injury in each of the following physical activities:
	hockey
	gymnastics
	rock climbing.
	[3]

[Total: 14]

5 The diagrams show a sprinter as they leave the blocks at the start of a race.



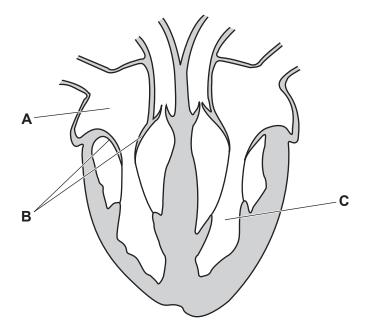
(a) Complete the table for the sprinter when moving from position A to position B.

	joint type	type of movement	agonist muscle	antagonist muscle
left knee	hinge	extension	quadriceps	
right hip		flexion	hip flexors	
left ankle	hinge			tibialis anterior

		[5]
(b)	Name the main muscle fibre type used when sprinting. Justify your answer.	
	muscle fibre type	
	justification	
		[2]

[Total: 7]

6 The diagram shows the heart with structures labelled **A**, **B** and **C**.



(a)	Identify the structures labelled A , B , and C .	
	A	
	В	
	c	[3]
(b)	Describe the function of structure B and the function of structure C .	
	function of structure B	
	function of structure C	
		 [2]
(c)	State two characteristics of veins.	
	1	
	2	
		 [2]

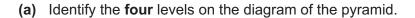
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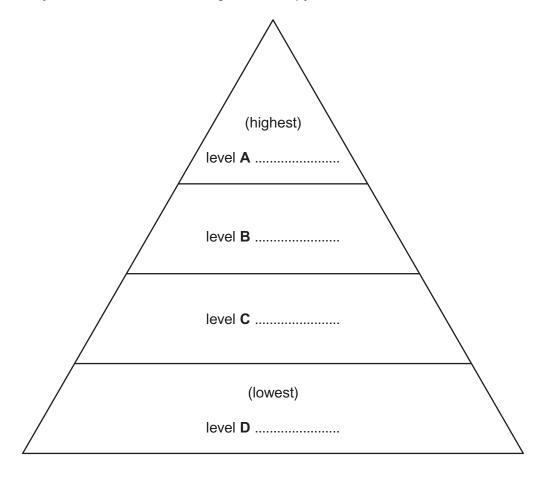
(a)	Describe the difference between skill and ability.	
		[2]
(b)	Describe, using examples from a named physical activity, how two named characteristics a skilled performance can be demonstrated by the performer.	s of
	physical activity	
	characteristic 1	
	example	
	characteristic 2	
	example	
		[4]

[Total: 6]

7

8 The characteristics of each level of sports development are often displayed in a pyramid.





nt nyramid

[4]

(b) Describe **two** characteristics of the highest level (level **A**) of the sports development pyramid and **two** characteristics of the lowest level (level **D**) of the sports development pyramid.

highest level (level A)	
1	
2	
lowest level (level D)	
1	
2	
	[4]

[Total: 8]

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Sar	rah is a wheelchair user and would like to participate in physical activity at a local leisu	ure facility.
(a)	State four factors, other than disability, that might limit Sarah's participation.	
	1	
	2	
	3	
	4	
		[4]
(b)	Describe strategies a leisure facility could use to assist Sarah's participation.	

9

10	(a)	Define sportsmanship and gamesmanship.
		sportsmanship
		gamesmanship
		[2]
	(b)	Describe, using a named physical activity, an example of sportsmanship and an example of gamesmanship.
		physical activity
		example of sportsmanship
		example of gamesmanship
		[2]
	(c)	Suggest three reasons, other than to enhance performance, why performers may choose to take prohibited performance-enhancing drugs (PEDs).
		1
		2
		3
		[3]

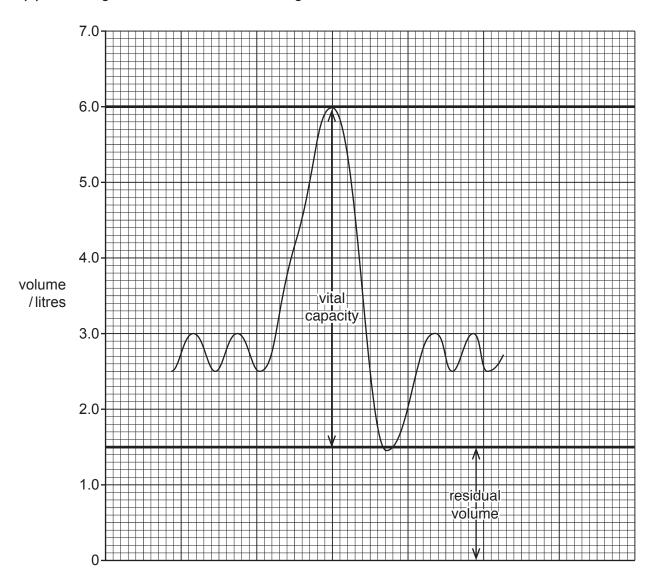
[Total: 7]

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11	(a)	Explain the advantages of sponsorship for a performer.	
		[4	.]
	(b)	Suggest three disadvantages of media coverage for each of the following:	
		sport	
		disadvantage 1	
		disadvantage 2	
		disadvantage 3	
			•
		performers.	
		disadvantage 1	•
		disadvantage 2	•
		uisauvantage 2	
		disadvantage 3	
		alsaavanage o	
		[6	

12	(a)	Explain the process of inspiration at rest.
		[4]
	(b)	Describe what is meant by the following terms:
		vital capacity
		residual volume.
		[2]

(c) The diagram shows different breathing volumes.



Calculate, using the diagram, the volume of the vital capacity.

litros	[1]
 nues	[1]

(d) The table shows values for breathing rate, tidal volume and minute ventilation at rest and during exercise for a different performer.

Calculate the missing values using the information in the table.

	at rest	during exercise
breathing rate	12 breaths per minute	30 breaths per minute
tidal volume		3 litres
minute ventilation	6 litres per minute	

[2]

[Total: 9]

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